How to increase unit-based shared governance participation and empowerment

Learn about four strategies that have made a big difference at one hospital.

By Sarah Nantz, MSN, RN

oday's bedside nurses are inundated with computerized documentation, patient-care coordination, and task lists. Their responsibilities leave them little time to engage in unit-based decision making.

On our 30-bed observation unit at Carolinas Medical Center (CMC, part of Carolinas Health-Care System) in Charlotte, North Carolina, we faced the same challenges as many: How can we increase team members' participation and engagement in unit-based shared governance? How can we hold staff accountable for their participation? How can we include multidisciplinary team members in this engagement? In this article, we share strategies that have proven effective in enhancing engagement and active participation in our unit's shared governance council.

Shared governance: A Magnet[®] principle

CMC is a Magnet-designated hospital, and shared governance is an important Magnet principle. Shared governance promotes joint accountability and responsibility for making decisions that affect nursing practice. When frontline staff members are

empowered to make decisions, they're more likely to take ownership of their practice, both at and away from the bedside. On our unit, participating in shared governance is the nurse's professional responsibility. Our nursing department's organizational structure and professional practice model support shared governance. The current model was created by a team of bedside nurses representing every CMC area where nursing is practiced. The shared governance ideal was strategically placed on the professional practice model as one of the driving forces in meeting our overriding goal of providing excellent care.

To increase unit-based shared governance participation and empowerment, we use four strategies:

- emphasizing accountability
- allowing teleconferencing
- promoting multidisciplinary involvement
- staying on task.

Emphasizing accountability

The nurse's job description includes patient-care responsibilities but rarely mentions professional ones. At CMC, the nurse's responsibilities include participation in shared governance, evidence-

based practice and research, and advancement in formal education.

On our observation unit, accountability begins with the interview process. During a job applicant's initial interview, the manager and peer-interview team establish expectations that the nurse will attend unit-based shared governance meetings. We tell applicants that being involved in shared decision-making affecting work done on the unit is the individual's responsibility and obligation to the peer team.

Shared governance meetings are led entirely by elected unit-based council cochairs; the unit manager attends only the last 15 minutes to address issues and con-

cerns. This practice promotes openness among teammates and puts accountability for the work in the hands of frontline staff. Team members on the observation unit are held accountable for unitbased shared governance participation and attendance standards in annual performance appraisals.

Allowing teleconferencing

Teleconferencing permits all team members to attend meetings. In a world that's becoming more reliant on technology for communication, teleconferencing promotes staff participation in unit-based shared governance. It's especially helpful for nurses who work 12-hour shifts, nights, or weekends.

Unit-based shared governance meetings are held the fourth Monday of every month. Historically, they were scheduled for 10:00 AM, after journal club. But night-shift team members requested we reschedule them for 8:30 AM to help them avoid sleep disturbances and increase their participation. Team members have the option to attend either in person or on the phone and are compensated for their time.

Promoting multidisciplinary involvement

At CMC, nursing has a mature shared governance structure, and the concept has trickled over to other departments. A multidisciplinary team member usually attends our meetings. Because of the precedent we've set, multidisciplinary team members view this venue as the ideal setting to discuss practice changes and present staff education sessions, taking advantage of the numerous staff members from all shifts who are present. When an issue or concern about a particular department arises on the unit, we invite an interdisciplinary team member to attend the next unit-based shared governance meeting to discuss, clarify, and resolve the issue. Members of the dietary, bed management, interventional radiology, physical therapy, human resources, and case management departments have attended our meetings. Such collaboration encourages teamwork, helps build healthy relationships, and promotes alignment of high-quality patientcare goals.

Understanding the CARE system

At Carolinas Medical Center, staff members use the nonpunitive Carolinas Automated Reporting Environment (CARE) system to report such incidents as patient falls, medication errors, laboratory labeling errors, and blood-bank errors. Incidents occurring within the previous month are presented briefly for discussion at the observation unit's shared governance council meeting as a learning opportunity.

Reporting these incidents in council meetings has benefited our fallsreduction initiative. From 2012 to 2013, we had a 30% reduction in falls. In 2014, we maintained the reduction, reducing falls another 10%.

Staying on task

Time-wasting is never on the agenda. Our meeting format assigns all agenda items a specific order and time slot. Participants must adhere strictly to the time allotted for each item.

To kick off the meeting, a guest speaker typically presents an educational offering on a new drug or a policy update. Team members are required to present a yearly staff education session, which is allotted a 5- to 10-minute slot. Presenting staff education offerings this way has several benefits: It offers a venue where many nurses are present and attentive, and it helps nurses develop professional public-speaking skills.

To help maintain the timeline during the meeting, council co-chairs collect updates from unit representatives on hospital committees before the meeting. This helps them present the new information in a fluid and efficient manner. After committee updates, the council discusses unit-specific updates, which may include such items as the new bedside reporting initiative, the engagement survey action plan, or growth opportunities identified from rounding with patients and staff. At this point, the meeting becomes a working one where new ideas and solutions are developed. CARE (Carolinas Automated Reporting Environment) events also are discussed at this time. (See *Understanding the CARE system.*)

At the end of the meeting, attendees have time with the manager or a management team member to raise concerns or issues discussed in the meeting. For example, if questions arose about acquiring equipment or supplies to address an action plan, this is when they discuss them with the manager.

Healthcare technician-led unit-based council

After seeing the success of the nurses' unit-based shared governance structure, CMC healthcare technicians (HCTs) decided to start their own shared governance council on the unit. HCTs include certified nursing assistants and unit secretaries. The HCT shared governance council is led by two HCTs and a staff nurse liaison. Meetings are held monthly; teleconferencing is available for those who can't attend in person.

This council has increased HCTs' accountability and initiative in the work they perform. When a pertinent issue arises, it's added to the meeting agenda for discussion. The HCT leader attends the nurse unit-based shared governance meeting to represent HCT peers and address identified problems.

Outcome measures

The observation unit has about 45 RNs and 20 HCTs. RN council

attendance participation was 32% in 2011 and 32% in 2012. In 2013, it increased to 38% and in 2014, to 52%.

Remarkably, HCT participation has skyrocketed since creation of the HCT shared governance council in 2012. It was 51% in 2012, 67% in 2013, and 63% in 2014 (with the small decrease possibly caused by a slight turnover in HCT staff).

The observation unit has maintained the highest ranking on the CMC engagement survey for the past 4 years (2011 to 2014). In the most recent survey, we received our highest scores to date. When survey results were broken down into

leleconferencing

permits all team members to attend meetings. It promotes staff participation in unit-based **shared** governance. RNs and HCTs, HCTs had a larger increase than RNs in their commitment indicator from 2012 to 2013. This demonstrates a positive relationship between participation in the HCT-led unit council and their engagement scores.

We believe these successes result directly from the strategies our department uses to increase empowerment and participation of bedside nurses in decision-making affecting their work. Accountability, teleconferencing options, multidiscipli-

nary involvement, and a focused agenda have proven effective in promoting growth and development of our unit-based shared governance structure among both RNs and HCTs on the observation unit team.

Selected references

Barden AM, Griffin MT, Donahue M, Fitzpatrick JJ. Shared governance and empowerment in registered nurses working in a hospital setting. *Nurs Adm Q.* 2011;35(3):212-8.

Stonehouse D. Support workers: key members of the multidisciplinary team. *Brit J Healthcare Assist.* 2013;7(10):512-4.

Sarah Nantz is nurse manager of the observation unit at Carolinas HealthCare System's Carolinas Medical Center in Charlotte, North Carolina.

Connecting To What Really Matters: Patients and Families

Children's National Health System is designated as a Magnet®* Hospital. Our dedicated Professional Registered Nurses have earned this designation because of their exemplary care and outcomes. Our nurses acknowledge that their practice allows the special "gift" to enter "sacred spaces" between children and their families. This relationship is part of a precious circle where trust is implicit and where professional nurses are part of the patient and family's joys and challenges. We are proud to be a Magnet[®] Hospital:

- Transformational Leadership;
- Structural Empowerment;
- Exemplary Professional Practice; • New Knowledge, Innovations, and
- Improvements; • Empirical Outcomes.

For additional information, please visit: www.ChildrensNational.org/Nursing



EOE of Minorities/Females/Vets/Disability.

*Magnet status is granted by the American Nurses Credentialing Center, the world's largest nurse credentialing organization and a subsidiary of the American Nurses Association (ANA). The Magnet Recognition Program[®], ANCC Magnet Recognition[®], Magnet Conference® names and logos are registered trademarks Credentialing Center. Journey to Magnet Excellence™ is a trademark of the American Nurses Credentialing Center.





www.AmericanNurseToday.com